23.—Employees by Sex in Forty Leading Canadian Manufacturing Industries during 1928, with Averages of Salaries and Wages Paid and of Number of Days Operated by Plants in each Industry for 1927 and 1928—concluded.

WAGES.

| | | · | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|---|------------|
| Industry. | Employees on Wages. | | | Average Wage. | | Average Days in Full and Part Time Operation. | |
| | Male. | Female. | Total. | 1928. | 1927. | 1928. | 1927. |
| | No. | No. | No. | ; | \$ | No. | No. |
| Pulp and paper | 29,253 | 854 | 30,107 | 1,282 | 1,357 | 271 | 263 |
| Flour and grist mill products | 5,292 | 143 | 5,435 | 1,003 | 993 | | 226 |
| Slaughtering and meat-packing | 7,787 | 780 | 8,567 | | 1,151 | 289 | 292 |
| Automobiles | 14,075 | | 14,313 | | | | 307 |
| Central electric stations | 9,641 42,888 | - 76 | 9,641 42,964 | 1,414 715 | 1,515 713 | | 365 96 |
| Sawmills. Butter and cheese | 7,077 | 221 | 7,298 | 993 | 956 | | 220 |
| Rubber goods, including footwear | 10,769 | 4,181 | 14,950 | 1.029 | 1.016 | | 271 |
| Non-ferrous metal smelting | 6.804 | 37 | 6,841 | 1,550 | | | 354 |
| Electrical apparatus and supplies | 10,892 | 2,958 | 13,850 | 1.084 | 1,070 | | 296 |
| Petroleum products | 3,820 | 25 | 3,845 | 1,496 | 1,497 | 314 | 807 |
| Castings and forgings | 18,124 | 328 | 18,452 | 1,192 | 1,148 | | 285 |
| Cotton yarn and cloth | 12,139 20,891 | 8,756 43 | 20,895 20,934 | 763 1.396 | 755 1.358 | | 287 286 |
| Railway rolling stock Bread and bakery products | 12,495 | 1.946 | 14,441 | 1.065 | | | 297 |
| Printing and publishing | 8,421 | 1,484 | 9,905 | | 1.609 | | 299 |
| Clothing, women's factory | 3,961 | 10,559 | 14.520 | 899 | 883 | | 277 |
| Steel and rolled products, pig iron, ferro-alloys, | · | i i | - | | | | · |
| _etc, | 8,419 | 24 | 8,443 | 1,650 | 1,529 | 303 | 296 |
| Cigars and cigarettes | 1,966 | 3,331 | 5.297 | 692 | 678 | 265 285 | 263 286 |
| Breweries | 4,014 | 36 | 4,050 | 1,182 | 1,167 | 280 | 200 |
| Biscuits, confectionery, chocolate, chewing gum, etc. | 4.554 | 6,213 | 10,767 | 742 | 724 | 275 | 274 |
| Hosiery, knitted goods and gloves | 5,165 | 11,598 | 16, 763 | 748 | 733 | 284 | 282 |
| Planing mills, sash and door factories | 10,674 | 110 | 10,784 | | | 266 | 117 |
| Sugar refineries | 1,979 | 103 | 2,082 | 1,320 | 1,203 | 265 | 250 |
| Machinery | 8,328 | 266 | 8,594 | 1,230 | 1,174 | 801 | 294 |
| Boots and shoes, leather | 8,563 | 5,572 | 14,135 | 868 | 871 | 283 | 287 |
| Sheet metal products | 6,668 4,729 | 816 5,706 | 7,484° 10,435 | 1,109 994 | 1,064 986 | 293 249 | 294 255 |
| Acids, alkalies, salts and compressed gases | 2,330 | 10 | 2.340 | | 1,353 | | 308 |
| Forniture and upholstering | 10,810 | 52Ì | 11,331 | 981 | 989 | 289 | 289 |
| Agricultural implements and machinery | 9,108 | 100 | 9,208 | 1,158 | 1,147 | 289 | 278 |
| Printing and bookbinding | 7.232 | 2,529 | 9,761 | | 1,115 | 296 | 295 |
| Distilleries | 1,259 | 312 | 1,571 | I,139 | 1,208 | | 272 |
| Fish-curing and -packing Leather tanneries | 9,053 3,561 | 5,751 99 | 14,804 3,660 | 298 1,008 | 280 991 | 102 280 | 101 292 |
| Coke and gas products | | 7 | 3.031 | 1.420 | 1.379 | 348 | - 230 |
| Furnishing goods, men's | 1,217 | 7,858 | 9,075 | 647 | 640 | 283 | 290 |
| Brass and copper products | 4,067 | 415 | 4,482 | 1,137 | 1,128 | 296 | 297 |
| Paints and varnishes | 1,645 | 238 | 1,883 | 1,004 | 998 | 303 | 296 |
| Coffee, spices, etc | 671 | 425 | 1,096 | 953 | 929 | 295 | 301 |
| Totals, Forty Leading Industries | 343,365 | 84,669 | 428,034 | 1,046 | 1,015 | 238 | 237 |
| | | | | | | | |

Real Earnings of Employees in Recent Years.—The total amount paid to the employees in industrial plants during 1928 was \$755,199,372, as compared with \$509,382,027 in 1917. The wage payments in 1928 were \$580,428,493, while the salaried employees received a remuneration of \$174,770,879. The average yearly wage of the wage-earner was \$1,024 in 1928, as compared with \$760 in 1917, an increase of 34.8 p.c. in average earnings. When the index number representing the average yearly wages, with 1917 as a base, is divided by the index number of the cost of living, converted to the same base, it is seen that real wages advanced by 16.4 p.c. between 1917 and 1928. The details of the computation are given in Table 24.